

WATER OUALITY REPORT 2024



Houston Water Quality Report | Jan - Dec 2024

The U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) requires that all drinking water suppliers provide a Drinking Water Quality Report to their customers on an annual basis.

This annual water quality report includes important information regarding drinking water. For assistance in English, please call 311.

Este reporte incluye información importante sobre el agua para tomar. Para asistencia en español, favor de llamar al 311.

Bảng Báo Cáo Chất Lượng Nước hàng năm này cung cấp thông tin về nước uống. Để được trợ giúp bằng tiếng Việt, xin vui lòng gọi số 311.

Ce rapport annuel sur la Qualité de l'Eau fournit des informations sur l'eau potable. Pour de l'assistance en français, appelez le 311.

ت قرير جودة المياه يحتوى على معلومات تخص مياه الشرب للمساعدة باللغة العربية، الرجاء الاتصال ب311

這份「水質年度報告」提供飲用水方面的資訊。如需中文協助,請撥 311.

The City of Houston delivers drinking water of the highest quality through six community public water systems.



Water Sources

Customers of Houston Water Main Public water system receive their drinking water from three surface water purification plants and 39 groundwater plants. Sixteen additional groundwater plants provide for the following four Houston Public water systems: Kingwood, Willow Chase, District 73, and District 82. Belleau Woods receives water from the City of Humble. The City of Houston treats drinking water according to federal and state standards to remove harmful contaminants.

The sources of drinking water nationwide (both tap water and bottled water) include rivers, lakes, streams, ponds, reservoirs, springs, and wells. As water travels over the surface of the land or through the ground, it dissolves naturally occurring minerals and can be polluted by animals or human activity.

Contaminants that may be present in source water include:

- microbial contaminants, such as viruses and bacteria, which may come from sewage treatment plants, septic systems, agricultural livestock operations, and wildlife.
- inorganic contaminants, such as salts and metals, which can be naturally-occurring or result from urban storm water runoff, industrial or domestic wastewater discharges, oil and gas production, mining, or farming.
- pesticides and herbicides, which may come from a variety of sources such as agriculture, urban stormwater runoff, and residential uses.
- organic chemicals, including synthetic and volatile organic chemicals, which are by-products of industrial processes and petroleum production, and can also come from gas stations, urban storm water runoff, and septic systems.
- radioactive contaminants, which can be naturally-occurring or be the result of oil and gas production and mining activities.

In order to ensure that tap water is safe to drink, the EPA prescribes regulations that limit the amount of certain contaminants in water provided by public water systems. The Food and Drug Administration establishes limits for contaminants in bottled water that must provide the same protection for public health.

Contaminants may be found in drinking water that may cause taste, color, or odor problems. These types of problems are not necessarily causes for health concerns. For concerns with taste, odor or color of drinking water, contact 311 or email **waterquality@houstontx.gov.**

Drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the EPA's Safe Drinking Water Hotline (800.426.4791).

Water Loss

The Infrastructure Leak Index (ILI) measures the efficiency of water loss control efforts. It is calculated by taking the real losses (water lost due to leaks) and dividing them by the unavoidable real losses, the theoretical level of minimum leakage calculated by American Water Works Association Standards. Houston Water's ILI is based on the combination of all six community public water systems. In 2024, Houston Water's ILI was 5.22.

Unregulated Contaminants

Unregulated contaminants do not have EPA-established drinking water standards. The purpose of monitoring these contaminants is to assist the EPA in determining if future regulations are warranted. The current round of Unregulated Contaminant Monitoring Rule (UCMR) sampling will be continuing in 2025. For more information visit **epa-gov/dwucmr**. For UCMR results visit:

houstonpublicworks.org/unregulated-contaminant-monitoring-rule-ucmr.

Arsenic

Some of Houston's drinking water contains low levels of arsenic, which is below state and federal action levels. EPA's standard balances arsenic's possible health effects against the costs of removing it from drinking water. EPA continues to research the health effects of low levels of arsenic, which is a mineral known to cause cancer in humans at high concentrations and is linked to other health effects such as skin damage and circulatory problems.

Lead

Exposure to lead in drinking water can cause serious health effects in all age groups. Infants and children can have decreases in IQ and attention span. Lead exposure can lead to new learning and behavior problems or exacerbate existing learning and behavior problems. The children of women who are exposed to lead before or during pregnancy can have increased risk of these adverse health effects. Adults can have increased risks of heart disease, high blood pressure, kidney or nervous system problems. If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and in-home plumbing. The City of Houston is responsible for providing high quality drinking water but cannot control the variety of materials used in in-home plumbing components. When water in your home plumbing has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for one to two minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline (800.426.4791) or at epa.gov/safewater/lead. Houston Water is conducting a survey to offer free water testing for qualified homes that may have lead and copper pipes. Determine if you qualify for free lead and copper tap water testing at surveymonkey.com/r/leadcopper.

Lead Service Line Inventory

Under the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency's (EPA) Lead and Copper Rule Revisions (LCRR), utilities must create an inventory of all the drinking water service lines in their system. The City of Houston (City) is performing an inventory of water service lines in each of its six water distribution systems. This inventory will identify the material of your water service line, including whether it contains lead. To access the water service line inventory map, go to: houstonpublicworks.org/water-service-line-inventory-map to view your results, or follow the steps to self-report your water service line material with photos if your service line material type is listed as Unknown.

How Do I Check My Water Service Line Material?



Scan the QR code to the left or visit https://tinyurl.com/HoustonSL-Inventory to view our Inventory Map and see if the City has information on your water service line material. If the material is listed as unknown, please follow the steps on the web page to self-report your water service line material with photos.

Customers are highly encouraged to self-report the material of their service line, although this is not mandatory. Flip to the back of this flyer for a step-by-step guide for checking your material.

Public Participation

There are many opportunities for public participation. Information on Houston City Council meetings is available at **houstontx.gov/citysec.**

To access the water service line inventory map, go to: houstonpublicworks.org/water-service-line-inventory-map to view your results, or follow the steps to self-report your water service line material with photos if your service line material type is listed as Unknown.

To find out more about Houston Water Education & Outreach visit houstonpublicworks.org/waterconservation or houstonpublicworks.org/protect-our-pipes.

Contact Us

Questions about this report or your water quality? Please email **waterquality@houstontx.gov** or call 311 (713.837.0311) and ask to speak with a member of the Water Quality team.

DEFINITIONS A	ND ABBREVIATIONS
6:2 FTS	1H,1H, 2H, 2H-perfluorooctane sulfonic acid
AL	The concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements which a water system must follow.
HAA5	Dibromoacetic acid, dichloroacetic acid, monobromoacetic acid, monochloroacetic acid, trichloroacetic acid
HAA6Br	Bromochloroacetic acid, bromodichloroacetic acid, dibromoacetic acid, dibromochloroacetic acid, monobromoacetic acid, tribromoacetic acid
HAA9	Bromochloroacetic acid, bromodichloroacetic acid, chlorodibromoacetic acid, dibromoacetic acid, dichloroacetic acid, monochloroacetic acid, tribromoacetic acid, trichloroacetic acid
Level 1 Assessment	A Level 1 assessment is a study of the water system to identify potential problems and determine (if possible) why total coliform bacteria were found.
Level 2 Assessment	A Level 2 assessment is a very detailed study of the water system to identify potential problems and determine (if possible) why an Escherichia coli (E. coli) maximum contaminant level (MCL) violation has occurred and/or why total coliform bacteria were found on multiple occasions.
Lithium	Naturally occurring metal that may concentrate in brine waters; lithium salts are used as pharmaceuticals, used in electrochemical cells, batteries, and in organic syntheses
LRAA	Locational Running Annual Average - average of results taken at specific monitoring location during previous four quarters
MCL	Maximum Contaminant Level - highest level of a contaminant allowed. MCLs are set as close to MCLGs using best available treatment technology
MCLG	Maximum Contaminant Level Goal - level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety
MRDL	Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level - highest level of a disinfectant allowed in drinking water. There is convincing evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary for control of microbial contaminants
MRDLG	Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level Goal - level of drinking water disinfectant below known or expected health risk. MRDLGs do not reflect the benefits of the use of disinfectants to control microbial contaminants
NA	Not Applicable
ND	Not Detected
NTU	Nephelometric Turbidity Units (a measure of turbidity)
pCi/L	Pico Curies per liter (measure of radioactivity)
PFBA	Perfluorobutanoic acid
PFHxA	Perfluorohexanoic acid
PFPeA	Perfluoropentanoic acid
ppb	Parts Per Billion or Micrograms Per Liter (µg/L)
ppm	Parts Per Million or Milligrams Per Liter (mg/L)
SMCL	Secondary Maximum Contaminant Limit - National Secondary Drinking Water Standards are non-enforceable guidelines regulating contaminants that may cause cosmetic or aesthetic effects in drinking water. The EPA recommends secondary standards but does not require systems to comply with limits
TT	Treatment Technique - required process intended to reduce the level of a contaminant in drinking water
Turbidity	A measure of clarity of drinking water

Main System | TX1010013

Surface Water 86.5%



SURFACE WATER SOURCE

San Jacinto River (Lake Conroe & Lake Houston) Trinity River (Lake Livingston)



GROUNDWATER SOURCE

104 Wells (Evangeline & Chicot Aquifers) at depths greater than 750 feet



AVERAGE DAILY WATER PRODUCED

509 M Gallons



CUSTOMERS

2.4 M

Parameter/ Substance (units)	Highest Level Allowed	Ideal Goal	Goal Detections			
(sampled in 2024 unless noted)	(EPA's MCL)	(EPA's MCLG)	Minimum	Average	Maximum	
	MONITORED AT WA	TER PLANTS				
Arsenic¹ (ppb)	10	0	ND	1.8	9.9	
Atrazine (ppb)	3	3	ND	0.1	2.3	
Barium (ppm)	2	2	0.04	0.12	0.36	
Combined Radium (pCi/L)	5	0	1.63	1.77	1.91	
Cyanide (ppb)	200	200	ND	52.5	200	
Fluoride (ppm)	4	4	0.11	0.21	0.28	
Gross Alpha (pCi/L)	15	0	6.8	7	7.1	
Nitrate (ppm)	10	10	ND	0.21	0.95	
Simazine (ppb)	4	4	ND	0.02	0.14	
Turbidity (NTU)	(TT) 95% of monthly samples ≤ 0.3 NTU	NA		Lowest Monthly Percentage ≤ 0.3 NTU: 99% Highest Single Measurement: 0.8 NTU		

Turbidity has no health effects; however, turbidity can interfere with disinfection and provide a medium for microbial growth. Turbidity may indicate the presence of disease-causing organisms. These organisms include bacteria, viruses, and parasites that can cause symptoms such as nausea, cramps, diarrhea, and associated headaches.

MONITORED IN DISTRIBUTION SYSTEMS						
Chloramines (Disinfectant) (ppm)	4.0 (MRDL)	<4.0 (MRDLG)	0.03	3.0	5.4	
Chlorite (Disinfectant) (ppm)	1	0.8	ND	0.002	0.01	
Total Coliforms	5% of monthly samples are positive	0%	Highest % of Positive 1.4%			
Nitrate (ppm)	10	10	ND	0.39	1.48	
Nitrite (ppm)	1	1	ND	0.03	0.30	
Haloacetic Acids (ppb)	Yearly Average (LRAA) <60	NA		Highest LRAA: 39 ppb Individual sample results range from not detected to 50.4 ppb.		
Total Trihalomethanes (ppb)	Yearly Average (LRAA) <80	NA		45 ppb Individua n not detected to		
	MONITORED AT CU	ISTOMER TAP				
Lead (ppb)	AL= 90% below 15 ppb	0		90% below 4.4 pp samples above 1		
Copper (ppm)	AL= 90% below 1.3 ppm	1.3		0% below 0.25 pp samples above 1.		

Main System | TX1010013

SECONDARY STANDARDS							
Parameter/ Substance (units)	Recommended Levels (SMCL)	Detect					
Farameter Substance (units)	Recommended Levels (SMOL)	Minimum	Average	Maximum			
Aluminum (ppm)	0.2	ND	0.07	0.78			
Chloride (ppm)	250	28	36	44			
Copper (ppm)	1	ND	0.01	0.11			
Fluoride (ppm)	2	0.11	0.21	0.28			
Iron (ppm)	0.3	ND	0.18	2.07			
Lead (ppm)	NA	ND	0.0002	0.0012			
Manganese (ppm)	0.05	ND	0.01	0.06			
pH (su)	6.5 - 8.5	7.4	8	9			
Sulfate (ppm)	250	14	34.6	55			
Total Dissolved Solids (ppm)	500	144	230	272			
Total Hardness as CaCO3 (ppm)	NA	43.4	110	137			
Zinc (ppm)	5	ND	0.002	0.02			
UNREGULATED CONTAMINANTS ³							
Parameter/ Substance (units)	Dates Monitored	Minimum	Average	Maximum			
Lithium (ppb)	Feb - Aug 2024	13.7	23.8	33.9			

- 1 For more background information regarding Arsenic please refer to page 4.
- 2 Subject to reduced monitoring requirements. Detected contaminants within the past five years, in the year indicated.
- 3 For more information regarding Unregulated Contaminants please refer to page 3.

Kingwood | TX1010348



Parameter/ Substance (units)



GROUNDWATER SOURCE

Highest Level Allowed

16 Wells (Evangeline & Chicot Aquifers) at depths greater than 750 feet

Ideal Goal



AVERAGE DAILY WATER PRODUCED

7.8 M Gallons



CUSTOMERS

80.5K

Detections

(sampled in 2024 unless noted)	(EPA's MCL)	(EPA'S MCLG)	Minimum	Average	Maximum
	MONITORED AT WAT	ER PLANTS			
Arsenic¹ (ppb) 2023²	10	0	ND	1.3	2.6
Barium (ppm) 2023 ²	2	2	0.25	0.27	0.29
Combined Radium (pCi/L) 2023 ²	5	0	ND	1.7	3.3
Combined Uranium (ppb) 2023 ²	30	0	ND	0.7	3.5
Fluoride (ppm) 2023 ²	4	4	0.12	0.13	0.16
Gross Alpha (pCi/L) 2023 ²	15	0	ND	1.7	3.3
Gross Beta (pCi/L) 2023 ²	50	0	ND	0.9	4.3
Nitrate (ppm)	10	10	ND	0.01	0.06
Xylenes, Total (ppb)	10,000	10,000	ND	0.4	2.5
МО	NITORED IN DISTRIBU	TION SYSTE	И		
Chlorine (Disinfectant) (ppm)	4.0(MRDL)	<4.0(MRDLG)	0.4	1.7	3.9
Total Coliforms	5% of monthly samples are positive	0%		st % of Positive:	
Haloacetic Acids (ppb)	Yearly Average (LRAA) <60	NA	Highest LRAA: results range fro	2.2 ppb. Individua m not detected to	l sample 8.9 ppb.
Total Trihalomethanes (ppb)	Yearly Average (LRAA) <80	NA		2.4 ppb. Individua m not detected to	
V 1	MONITORED AT CUS	TOMER TAP	Ţ.		
Lead (ppb) 2023 ²	AL= 90% Below 15 ppb	0		0% below 2 ppb. sample above 15 p	nnh
Copper (ppm) 2023 ²	AL= 90% below 1.3 ppm	1.3	90%	below 0.218 ppm	l.
	SECONDARY STA	NDARDS	140 001	TIPIOU GEOVO 1.0 p	piii
Parameter/ Substance (units)	Recommended Level	s (SMCL)		Detections	
Aluminum (ppm) 2023 ²	0.2		Minimum ND	Average 0.01	Maximum 0.06
Chloride (ppm) 2023 ²	250		19	22.2	27
Copper (ppm) 2023 ²	1		ND	0.002	0.004
Fluoride (ppm) 2023 ²	2		0.12	0.13	0.16
Iron (ppm) 2023 ²	0.3		ND	0.06	0.10
Manganese (ppm) 2023 ²	0.05		0.001	0.03	0.057
pH (su) 2023 ²	6.5 - 8.5		7.6	7.7	7.8
Sulfate (ppm) 2023 ²	250		5	9.2	12
Total Dissolved Solids (ppm) 2023 ²	500		184	203	234
Total Hardness as CaCO3 (ppm) 2023 ²	NA NA		103	118	137
Zinc (ppm) 2023 ²	5		ND	0.007	0.022

Kingwood | TX1010348

UNREGULATED CONTAMINANTS ³						
Parameter/ Substance (units)	Dates Monitored	Minimum	Average	Maximum		
Lithium (ppb)	June 2024	12.1	14.8	17.5		

- 1 For more background information regarding Arsenic please refer to page 4.
- **2** Subject to reduced monitoring requirements. Detected contaminant within the past five years, in the year indicated.
- **3** For more information regarding Unregulated Contaminants please refer to page 3.



Photo of the Source Water Protection Team preparing to collect samples from Lake Houston to monitor Water Quality before it reaches the drinking water treatment plant

Willow Chase | TX1011902





GROUNDWATER SOURCE

5 Wells (Evangeline & Chicot Aquifers) at depths greater than 750 feet



AVERAGE DAILY WATER PRODUCED

2.5M Gallons



CUSTOMERS

13.2K

Parameter/ Substance (units)	Highest Level Allowed	Ideal Goal		Detections			
(sampled in 2024 unless noted)	(EPA's MCL)	(EPA'S MCLG)	Minimum	Average	Maximum		
	MONITORED AT W	WATER PLANTS					
Arsenic¹ (ppb)	10	0	2	2.2	2.5		
Barium (ppm)	2	2	0.22	0.23	0.24		
Combined Uranium (ppb)	30	0		2.82			
Di(2-ethylhexyl) phthalate (µg/L)	6	0	ND	0.3	1.6		
Fluoride (ppm)	4	4		0.13^{2}			
Gross Alpha (pCi/L)	15	0		32			
Nitrate (ppm)	10	10	0.18	0.24	0.36		
Selenium (ppb)	50	50	ND	1.8	3.5		
MONITORED IN DISTRIBUTION SYSTEM							
Chlorine (Disinfectant) (ppm)	4.0 (MRDL)	<4.0 (MRDLG)	0.57	1.48	2.56		
Total Coliforms	5% of monthly samples are positive	0%	0%				
Haloacetic Acids (ppb)	Yearly Average (LRAA) <60	NA		Highest LRAA: 1.05 ppb. Individual samp results range from ND to 4.2 ppb.			
Total Trihalomethanes (ppb)	Yearly Average (LRAA) <80	NA		AA: 4.05 ppb. Inc range from ND t			
	MONITORED AT C	USTOMER TAP	<u>'</u>				
Lead (ppb) 2023 ³	AL= 90% below 15 ppb	0		90% below 1 ppb amples above 15			
Copper (ppm) 2023 ³	AL= 90% below 1.3 ppm	1.3	90	% below 0.05 pp	m.		
	SECONDARY S	TANDARDS		'			
Parameter/ Substance (units)	Recommended Le	vels (SMCL)	Minimum	Average Detections	Maximum		
Chloride (ppm)	250		William	52 ²	Maximani		
Copper (ppm)	1		ND	0.001	0.002		
Fluoride (ppm)	2			0.13 ²			
Lead (ppb)	NA		2.2	2.3	2.4		
pH (su)	6.5 - 8.5	5		7.82			
Sulfate (ppm)	250			6 ²			
Total Dissolved Solids (ppm)	500			278 ²			
Total Hardness as CaCO3 (ppm)	NA		169	175	180		

Willow Chase | TX1011902

UNREGULATED CONTAMINANTS ⁴						
Parameter/Substance (units)	Dates Monitored	Minimum	Average	Maximum		
Lithium (ppb)	January - July 2024	10.9	12.3	13.8		

- 1 For more background information regarding Arsenic please refer to page 4.
- 2 Only one sample was required to be taken for this analyte in the year indicated.
- 3 Subject to reduced monitoring requirements. Detected contaminant within the past five years, in the year indicated.
- 4 For more information regarding Unregulated Contaminants please refer to page 3.

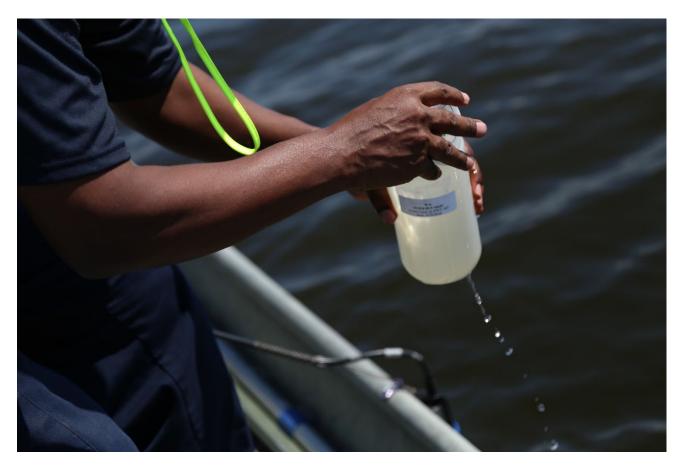


Photo of the Source Water Protection Team collecting samples from the surface water that supplies untreated water to the treatment plants to monitor Water Quality prior to treatment.

District 73 | TX1011585





GROUNDWATER SOURCE

2 Wells (Evangeline & Chicot Aquifers) at depths greater than 750 feet



AVERAGE DAILY WATER PRODUCED

418K Gallons



CUSTOMERS

6.2K

Parameter/ Substance (units)	Highest Level Allowed	Ideal Goal	Detections			
(sampled in 2024 unless noted)	(EPA's MCL)	(EPA'S MCLG)	Minimum	Average	Maximum	
	MONITORED AT V	VATER PLANTS				
Arsenic¹ (ppb) 2023²	10	0		2.1 ³		
Barium (ppm) 2023 ²	2	2		0.33		
Combined Uranium (ppb) 2023 ²	30	0	2.5	3.4	4.2	
Fluoride (ppm) 2023 ²	4	4	0.2	0.2	0.2	
Gross Alpha (pCi/L) 2023 ²	15	0	3	3	3	
Gross Beta (pCi/L) 2023 ²	50	0	5.6	5.6	5.6	
Nitrate (ppm)	10	10	ND	0.03	0.05	
	MONITORED IN DIS	TRIBUTION SY	STEM			
Chlorine (Disinfectant) (ppm)	4.0 (MRDL)	<4.0 (MRDLG)	0.47	1.5	2.62	
Total Coliforms	5% of monthly samples are positive	0%		0%		
Haloacetic Acids (ppb)	Yearly Average (LRAA) <60	NA		LRAA: ND (not o		
Total Trihalomethanes (ppb)	Yearly Average (LRAA) <80	NA	Highest Lf	RAA: 2.2 ppb. Inc	dividual sample	
	MONITORED AT CUS	STOMER TAP		<u> </u>	11	
Lead (ppb)	AL= 90% Below 15 ppb	0		0% below 3.2 pp sample above 15		
Copper (ppm)	AL= 90% below 1.3 ppm	1.3	909	% below 0.143 pp ample above 1.3	om.	
	SECONDARY ST	ANDARDS			' '	
Parameter/ Substance (units)	Recommended	l Levels (SMCL)		Detections		
Chloride (ppm) 2023 ²	250		Minimum 18	Average 18	Maximum 18	
Fluoride (ppm) 2023 ²	230)	0.2	0.2	0.2	
Iron (ppm) 2023 ²	0.3	<u> </u>	0.2	0.089 ³	0.2	
Manganese (ppm) 2023 ²	0.05			0.0175 ³		
pH (su) 2023 ²	6.5 - 8.5		7.9	7.9	7.9	
Sulfate (ppm) 2023 ²	250		3.5	3.5	4	
Total Dissolved Solids (ppm) 2023 ²	500)	176	180	183	
Total Hardness as CaCO3 (ppm) 2023 ²	NA			83³		

District 73 | TX1011585

UNREGULATED CONTAMINANTS ⁴					
		Detections			
Parameter/ Substance (units)	Dates Monitored	Minimum	Average	Maximum	
Lithium (ppb)	June 2024	13.1	13.3	13.4	

- 1 For more background information regarding Arsenic please refer to page 4.
- 2 Subject to reduced monitoring requirements. Detected contaminant within the past five years, in the year indicated.
- 3 Only one sample was required to be taken for this analyte in the year indicated.
- 4 For more information regarding Unregulated Contaminants please refer to page 3.

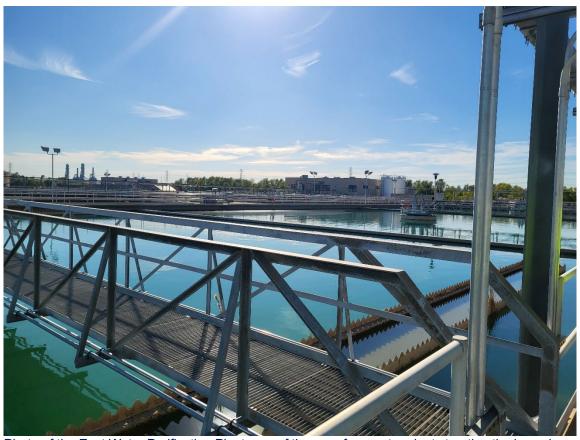


Photo of the East Water Purification Plant, one of three surface water plants treating the incoming water to drinking water standards

District 82 | TX1011593





GROUNDWATER SOURCE

2 Wells (Evangeline & Chicot Aquifers) at depths greater than 750 feet



AVERAGE DAILY WATER PRODUCED

98K Gallons



CUSTOMERS

945

Parameter/ Substance (units)	Highest Level Allowed	Ideal Goal		Detections	etections	
(sampled in 2024 unless noted)	(EPA's MCL)	(EPA'S MCLG)	Minimum	Average	Maximum	
	MONITORED AT W	ATER PLANTS				
Barium (ppm)	2	2		0.15 ¹		
Fluoride (ppm)	4	4		0.11		
Nitrate (ppm)	10	10		0.15^{1}		
N	IONITORED IN DISTR	RIBUTION SYST	EM			
Chlorine (Disinfectant) (ppm)	4.0 (MRDL)	<4.0 (MRDLG)	0.2	1.4	2.4	
Total Coliforms	5% of monthly samples are positive	0%		0%		
Haloacetic Acids (ppb)	Yearly Average (LRAA) <60	NA		A: 1.8 ppb. Indiv from not detect		
Total Trihalomethanes (ppb)	Yearly Average (LRAA) <80	NA		A: 15.9 ppb. Indi		
	MONITORED AT C	USTOMER TAP				
Lead (ppb) 2022 ²	AL= 90% Below 15 ppb	0		00% below 3 ppt ample above 15		
Copper (ppm) 2022 ²	AL= 90% below 1.3 ppm	1.3		6 below 0.06 pp mple above 1.3		
	SECONDARY S	TANDARDS				
Parameter/ Substance (units)	Recommended Lev	els (SMCL)	Minimum	Detections Average	Maximum	
Chloride (ppm)	250			16 ¹		
Copper (ppm)	1		0.0031			
Fluoride (ppm)	2	2		0.11		
pH (su)	6.5 - 8.5			8 ¹		
Sulfate (ppm)	250			21		
Total Dissolved Solids (ppm)	500			175¹		
Total Hardness as CaCO3 (ppm)	NA			107¹		

- 1 One sample was required to be taken for this analyte in the year indicated.
- 2 Subject to reduced monitoring requirements. Detected contaminant within the past five years, in the year indicated.

Belleau Woods | TX1011594



Parameter/ Substance (units)

MIXED SURFACE WATER & GROUNDWATER SOURCES





Highest Level Allowed





AVERAGE DAILY WATER PRODUCED

147K Gallons



Ideal Goal

CUSTOMERS

399

Detections

(sampled in 2024 unless noted)	(EPA's MCL)	(EPA'S MCLG)	Minimum	Average	Maximum
	MONITORED AT WATE	R PLANTS			
Arsenic¹ (ppb) 2023²	10	0	ND	1.6	6.2
Atrazine (ppb)	3	3	ND	0.06	1.3
Barium (ppm) 2023 ²	2	2	0.07	0.29	0.39
Combined Uranium (ppb) 2023 ²	30	0	ND	1	1.7
Cyanide (ppb) 2023 ²	200	200	ND	20	60
Fluoride (ppm) 2023 ²	4	4	0.12	0.18	0.23
Gross Alpha (pCi/L) 2023 ²	15	0	ND	3	5
Gross Beta (pCi/L) 2023 ²	50	0	4	4.2	4.4
Nitrate (ppm)	10	10	ND	0.35	0.54
Simazine (ppb)	4	4	ND	0.03	0.1
MON	ITORED IN DISTRIBU	TION SYST	EM		
Chloramines (Disinfectant) (ppm)	4.0 (MRDL)	<4.0 (MRDLG)	0.7	2.6	4.2
Total Coliforms	5% of monthly samples are positive	0%		0%	
Nitrate (ppm)	10	10	0.24	0.33	0.56
Nitrite (ppm)	1	1	ND	0.02	0.04
Haloacetic Acids (ppb)	Yearly Average (LRAA) <60	NA	Highest LRAA: 12.8 ppb. Individual sample result was 12.8 ppb		ppb. as 12.8 ppb
Total Trihalomethanes (ppb)	Yearly Average (LRAA) <80	NA	High Individual	nest LRAA: 14.2 sample result wa	opb. s 14.2 ppb.
	MONITORED AT CU	STOMER TA			
Lead (ppb) 2023 ²	AL= 90% Below 15 ppb	0	90 One	0% below 7.8 ppl sample above 15	o. 5 ppb
Copper (ppm) 2023 ²	AL= 90% below 1.3 ppm	1.3	90'	% below 0.37 pp ample above 1.3	m.
	SECONDARY STAN	DARDS		•	
Parameter/ Substance (units)				Detections	
	Recommended Levels	(SMCL)	Minimum	Average	Maximum
Chloride (ppm) 2023 ²	250		32	44	53
Copper (ppm) 2023 ²	1		0.002	0.007	0.014
Fluoride (ppm) 2023 ²	4		0.12	0.18	0.23
Iron (ppm) 2023 ²	0.3		ND	0.09	0.3
Manganese (ppm) 2023 ²	0.05		ND	0.004	0.012
pH (su) 2023 ²	6.5 - 8.5		6.7	7.5	7.9
Sulfate (ppm) 2023 ²	250		7	10.2	18
Total Dissolved Solids (ppm) 2023 ²	500		187	262	321
Total Hardness as CaCO3 (ppm) 2023 ²	NA		66.4	119	154
Zinc (ppm) 2023 ²	5		ND	0.04	0.14

- 1 For more background information regarding Arsenic please refer to page 4.
- 2 Subject to reduced monitoring requirements. Detected contaminant within the past five years, in the year indicated.



Elevated Storage Tanks are located throughout the City of Houston water systems.

CONTAMINANT SOURCES	
Arsenic	Erosion of natural deposits; runoff from orchards; runoff from glass and electronics production wastes
Atrazine	Runoff from herbicide used on row crops
Barium	Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits
Chlorine & Chloramines	Water additives used to control microbes
Combined Radium	Erosion of natural deposits
Combined Uranium	Erosion of natural deposits
Copper	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits
Cyanide	Discharge from steel/metal factories; discharge from plastic and fertilizer factories
Di(2-ethylhexyl) phthalate	Discharge from rubber and chemical factories
Ethylbenzene	Discharge from petroleum refineries
Fluoride	Erosion of natural deposits; water additive which promotes strong teeth; discharge from fertilizer and aluminum factories
Gross Alpha	Erosion of natural deposits
Gross Beta	Decay of natural and man-made deposits
Lead	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits
Nitrate / Nitrite	Runoff from fertilizer use; leaching from septic tanks, sewage; erosion of natural deposits
Picloram	Herbicide runoff
Selenium	Discharge from petroleum and metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits; discharge from mines
Simazine	Herbicide runoff
Thallium	Discharge from electronics, glass, and leaching from ore-processing sites; drug factories
Total Coliform	Naturally present in the environment
Total Haloacetic Acids (HAAs)	By-product of drinking water disinfection
Total Trihalomethanes (TTHMs)	By-product of drinking water disinfection
Turbidity	Soil runoff
Xylenes	Discharge from petroleum factories; discharge from chemical factories.

SOURCES OF LEAD IN DRINKING WATER



COPPER PIPE WITH LEAD SOLDER:

Solder made or installed before 1986 contained high lead levels.

LEAD SERVICE LINE:

- The service line is the pipe that runs from the water main to the homes internal plumbing.

 Lead service lines may be a major source of lead contamination in water.
- FAUCETS:
 Fixtures inside your home may contain lead.

GALVANIZED PIPE:

- Lead particles can attach to the surface of galvanized pipes. Over time, the particles can enter your drinking water, causing elevated lead levels.
- Goose necks and pigtails are shorter pipes that connect the lead service line to the main.

VISIT THE LINK BELLOW
FOR MORE INFORMATION
BIT.LY/HOULCRR



CONTACT US

To report concerns or file a complaint, please contact the **City of Houston's 3-1-1 Houston Service Center at 3-1-1 or 713.837.0311.** You can also submit your request online at www.houston311.org or download the Houston 3-1-1 app on your smartphone or tablet.

Using 3-1-1 to report concerns is the quickest way to address your issue and track its resolution. The City of Houston monitors these calls to gather vital information necessary for addressing issues properly.

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Current and previous water quality reports are available at

City of Houston P.O. Box 1562 Houston, TX 77251

